By the Numbers: Artificial Intelligence in Health - Trial and Tribulations

Section Editor: The ISPOR Student Network

TIMELINE ON ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN MEDICINE

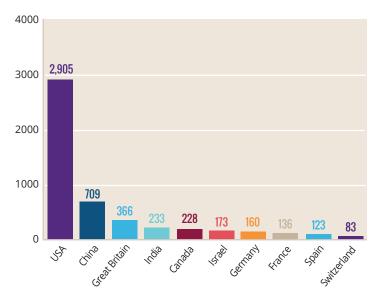
1920	Karel Capek, a Czech novelist and playwright, coins the term "robot"	
1950	Invention of the Turing test to determine a machine's ability to exhibit intelligent behavior	
1955	John McCarthy introduces the term "artificial intelligence"	
1997	IBM's Deep Blue computer defeats chess champion Garry Kasparov	
2011	IBM's Watson computer wins Jeopardy, playing against top champions	
2013	MD Anderson Cancer Center and IBM announce plans to develop the IBM Watson-powered Oncology Expert Advisor ¹	
2014	Amazon introduces its virtual assistant Alexa, which WebMD and health systems now use to retrieve general health information	
2015	Google-owned DeepMind Health partners with the U.K.'s National Health Service (NHS) to access their health records ²	
2017	MD Anderson Cancer Center puts its IBM Watson project on hold ³	
2018	US-FDA approves first artificial intelligence device to detect diabetic retinopathy ⁴	
2019	US-FDA announces "Digital Health Innovation Action Plan" to streamline timely approval of artificial intelligence products ⁵	

References: 1 MD Anderson Taps IBM Watson To Power "Moon Shots" Mission. Available from: https://www.mdanderson.org/newsroom/md-anderson--ibm-watson-work-together-to-fightcancer.h00-158833590.html [Accessed February 25, 2019]

 ${}^2\textit{UK data Watchdog Monitors Google's Absorption of DeepMind app used by NHS. Available from:}$ https://www.forbes.com/sites/samshead/2018/11/14/uk-data-watchdog-monitors-googlesabsorption-of-deepmind-app-used-by-nhs/#45bebab6351c [Accessed February 25, 2019] ³ MD Anderson Bences IBM Watson in Setback for Artificial Intelligence in Medicine. Available from: https://www.forbes.com/sites/matthewherper/2017/02/19/md-anderson-benches-ibm-watson-insetback-for-artificial-intelligence-in-medicine/#3fefb3093774 [Accessed February 25, 2019] ⁴ FDA permits marketing of artificial intelligence-based device to detect certain diabetes-related eye problems. Available from: https://www.fda.gov/newsevents/newsroom/pressannouncements/ ucm604357.htm [Accessed February 25, 2019]

⁵ FDA In Brief: FDA brings additional efficiency and modernization to regulation of digital health, as part of the Digital Health Innovation Action Plan. Available from: https://www.fda.gov/ NewsEvents/Newsroom/FDAInBrief/ucm605723.htm [Accessed February 25, 2019]

Number of Artificial Intelligence companies by Country in 2017



Reference: Yu, X., & Jing, M. "China aims to outspend the world in artificial intelligence, and Xi Jinping just green lit the plan." Available from: https://www.scmp.com/business/china-business/article/2115935/ chinas-xi-jinping-highlights-ai-big-data-and-shared-economy [Accessed February 9, 2019]

Healthcare Consumers' Opinion on why (not) to use an Artificial Intelligence-powered Virtual Doctor

REASONS FOR PREFERRING A VIRTUAL VS. A REAL DOCTOR

REAL DOCTOR
29% Liking to visit the doctor
26 % Lack of knowledge on Al
23% Don't want to share data

ADVANTAGES OF A VIRTUAL VS. A REAL DOCTOR

VIRTUAL DOCTOR	REAL DOCTOR
54 % Reducing costs to patients	64 % Providing quality care
49 % Accommodating patients'	60% Patient engagement
schedules	45 % Diagnosing problems
43 % Providing timely care	faster

Reference: Accenture. "Meet Today's Healthcare Team: Patients + Doctors + Machines | Accenture 2018 Consumer Survey on Digital Health." 2018. Available from: https://www.accenture.com/us-en/insight-new-2018-consumersurvey-digital-health [Accessed February 14, 2019]

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