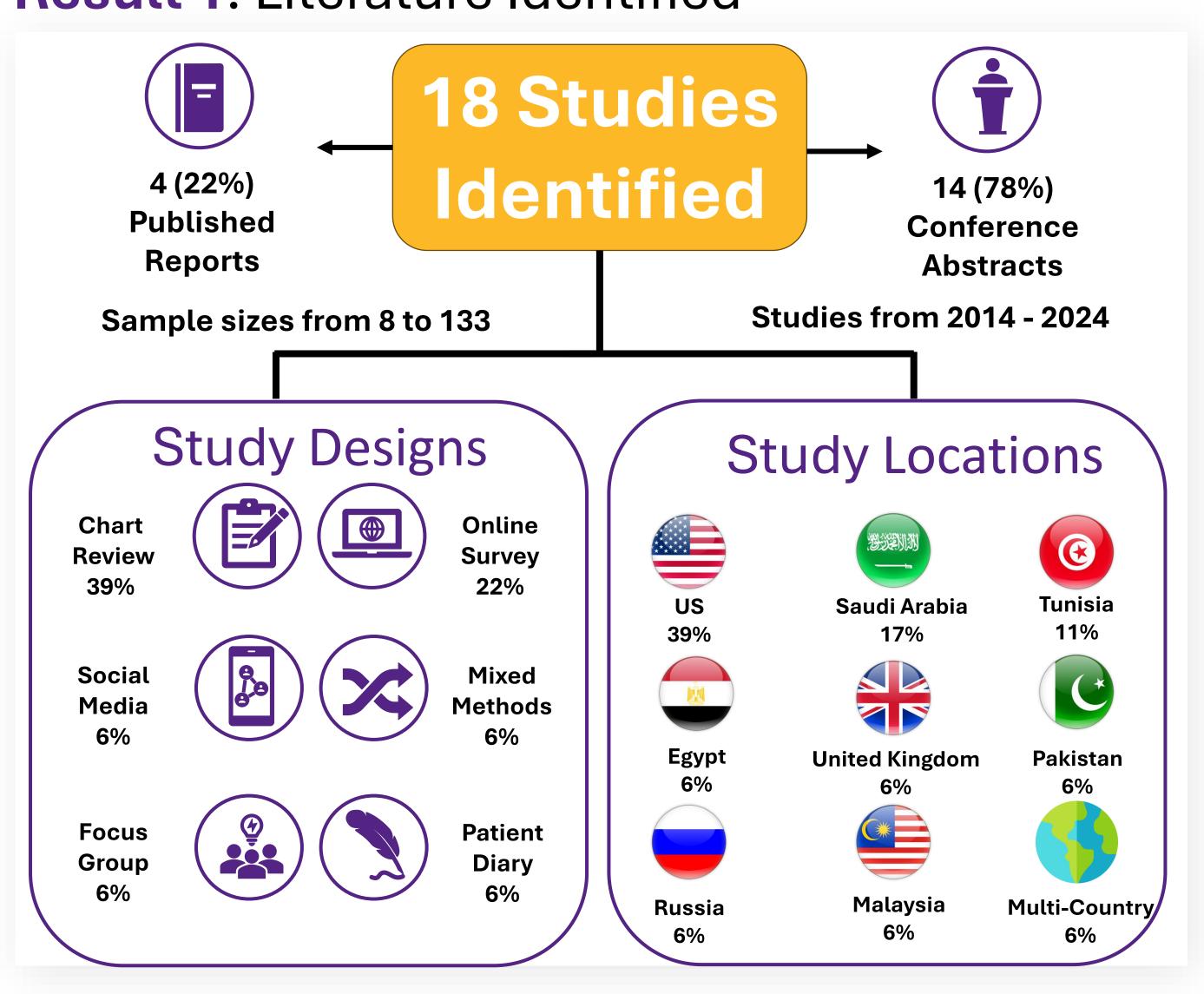
## A Systematic Literature Review of the research upon the Burden, Quality of Life and Economic Cost Impact of Glanzmann Thrombasthenia

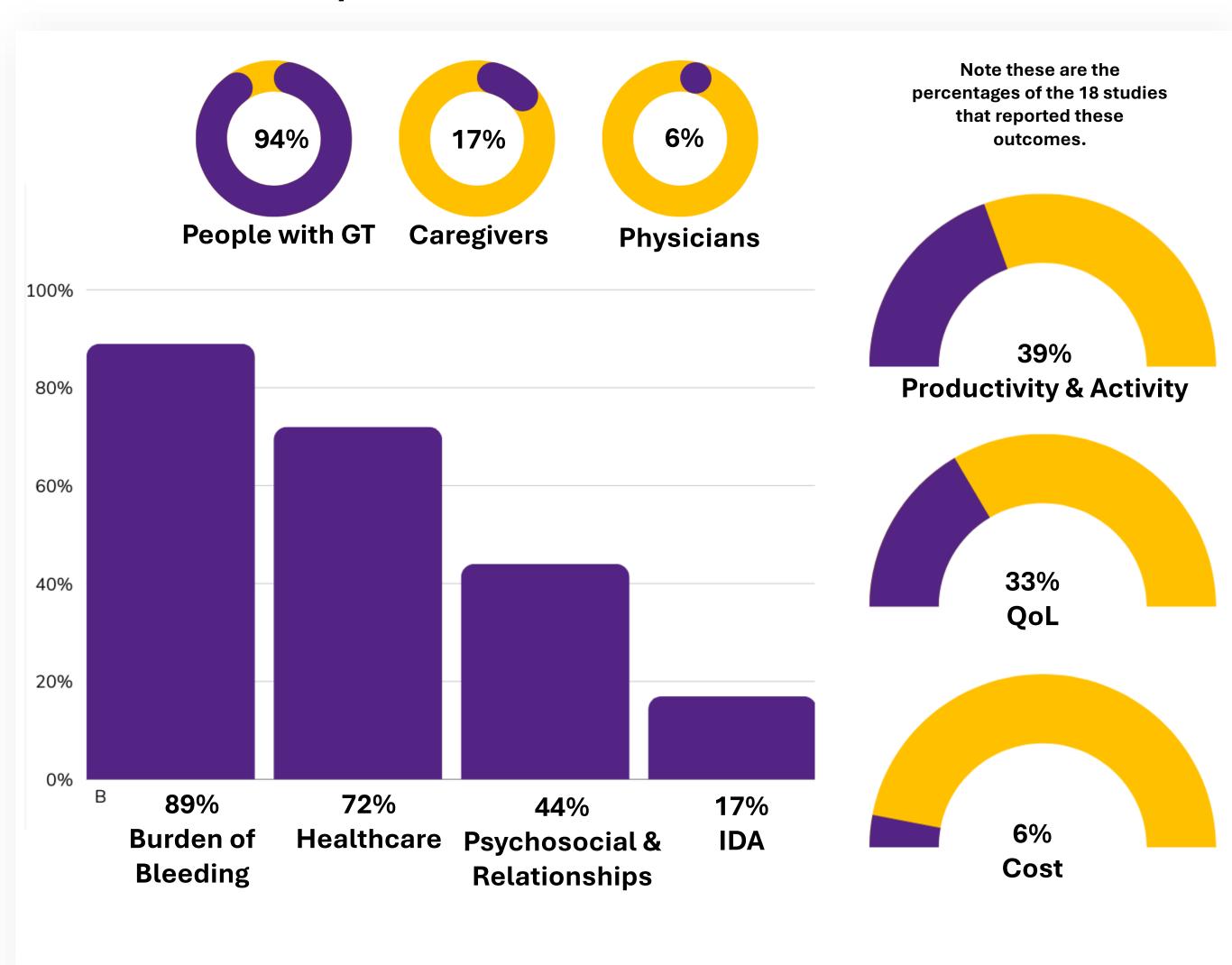
PCR280 ISPOR EU 2024

**Background:** Glanzmann Thrombasthenia (GT) is a rare, inherited bleeding disorder which results in an inability to form effective clots leading to frequent bleeding events which can be potentially life-threatening and contributing to deteriorating quality of life (QOL), iron deficiency anaemia (IDA), and significant healthcare resource utilization due to lack of convenient prophylactic therapies.

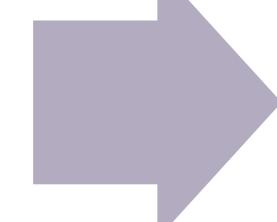
## Result 1: Literature Identified



Result 2: Reported Results of the Literature

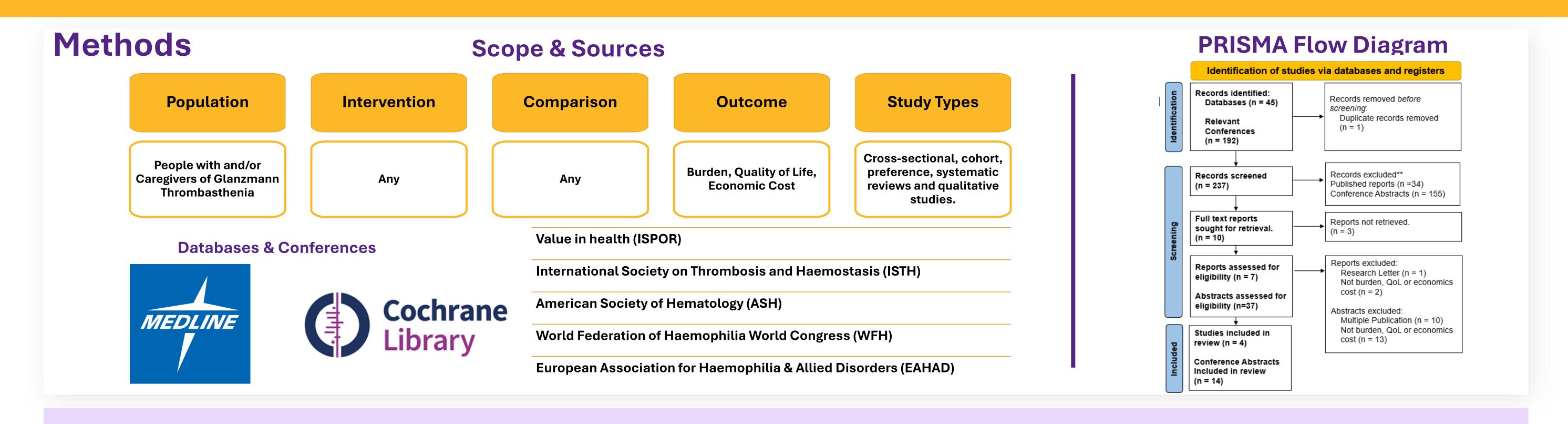


Our review found that while 89% of the studies reported on bleeding burden, only 6% explored the economic costs, revealing a critical gap in understanding the broader societal impact of GT.



This lack of comprehensive data on healthcare resource utilization and productivity loss impedes the ability to advocate for better care and support services for GT patients and their families.

There is limited evidence on the burden, quality of life, and economic costs related to people with Glanzmann Thrombasthenia and their caregivers



Conclusion: The review of these 18 studies highlights the significant challenges faced by individuals with GT, particularly concerning the frequent bleed events, IDA, and their impact on QoL. These issues are well-recognised yet often inadequately documented in existing literature. Future research focusing on individuals with GT and their caregivers is essential to fully characterise both the clinical and holistic burdens of the condition. This research should aim to quantify the effects of bleed events and IDA on QoL, as well as to analyse direct healthcare costs and indirect costs associated with productivity loss.



We would like to thank Hemab ApS for funding this publication.