# Drug investment and disinvestment: methods, outcomes, and challenges

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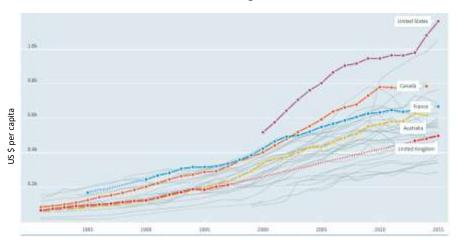


#### **Disclosures**

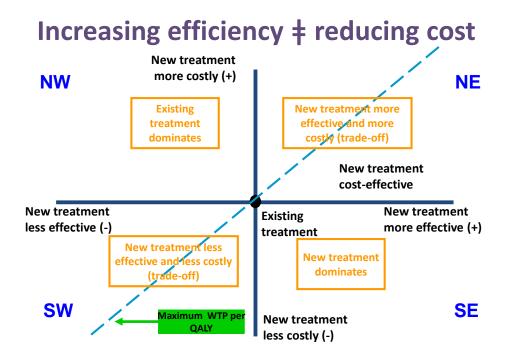
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#### Why



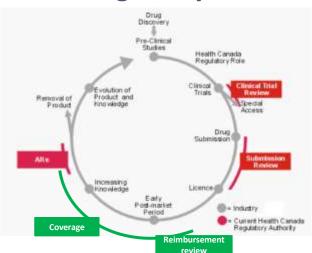
Source: OECD (2017), Pharmaceutical spending (indicator). doi: 10.1787/998 febf6-en (Accessed on 08 November 2017)



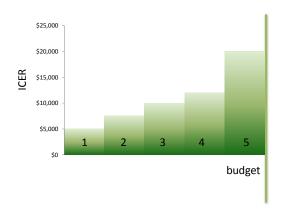
## A global health care challenge

Controlling costs, without compromising health and quality of health care

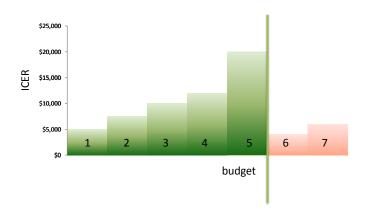
#### Drug life cycle



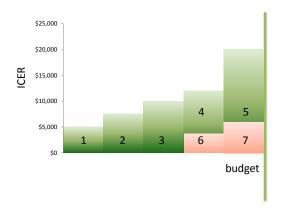
## **Current drug list**



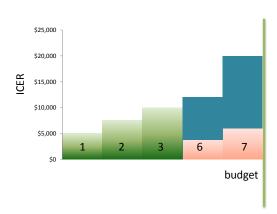
## New drugs to be covered



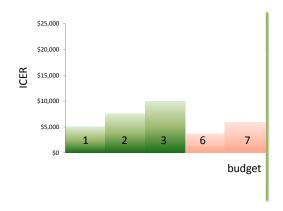
## **Disinvestment implemented**

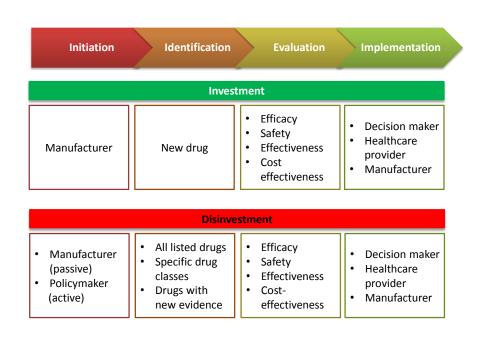


## Improving in efficiency



## **New drug list**





#### **Initiation**

- Drug manufacturers (passive)
- Policy makers (active)

#### Identification

- Systematic approach
  - New evidence
  - Patent expiry/generic drugs
  - Clinical practice pattern variation
- Request-driven initiation (passive)
  - Commercial factors
  - Safety

#### Identification

- · Active investment and disinvestment system
  - First time, all drugs/phase-in
  - Post-marketing surveillance
  - Evidence update
- · Passive investment and disinvestment system
- Target
  - Clinically ineffective
  - Safety issue
  - Little or no health gain for the cost
  - Cheaper generic drugs available

#### **Evaluation**

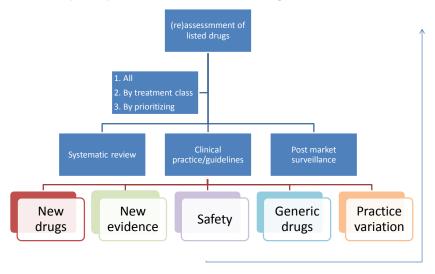
- Efficacy and Safety
- Effectiveness
- Cost Effectiveness

#### **Implementation**

General Encouraging generic prescribing

Targeting Restricting to specific groups

## (Re)assessment System



#### **Challenges**

- Identifiable candidates for disinvestment
- Experts more conservative when saying NO
  - Older treatments with no contemporary evidence
  - No evidence vs evidence of no effect or of harm
- Resistance from stakeholders
- National database to track the usage
- Short term investment with saving in the long term

#### **Contact Information**

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